

# Felt Lanterns



**Light up the night!**

As nights get a little shorter, a little colder, keep the summer spirit burning with these lanterns.

### Supplies:

- One (1) square of felt, approximately six square inches (6"x6")
- One (1) pattern
- Twelve inches (12") of ribbon
- One (1) cup or jar
- Scissors
- Flameless candle
- Decorative stones
- Felt tip pen/marker



### Instructions:

1. Cut the pattern along all solid black lines (**Fig. 1**).
2. Position the cut pattern over the felt square. With a felt tip pen, use the pattern as a stencil (**Fig. 2**); mark where you have cut in the paper. Your result should look like **Fig. 3**.
3. Cut the felt along your hand-drawn lines (**Fig. 4**). Your result should look like **Fig. 5**.
4. Gather two (2) points from the outer layer of circle as in **Fig. 6**. Tie with one end of the ribbon. Repeat on the other side of the circle, with the other end of the ribbon. Your result should resemble **Fig. 7**.
5. Place cup or small jar in the lantern. If necessary, add decorative stones, or some other object, to weigh the piece down.
6. Place a flameless candle in the lantern. Use caution if using fire. Never place a candle unprotected by glass or other candle holder into lantern. See the included *Candle Safety Rules* for more information.

### Share with us!

- Post your finished product to your favorite social media site using [#goffstownlibrary](#)
- Visit the library - we'd love to see what you make!

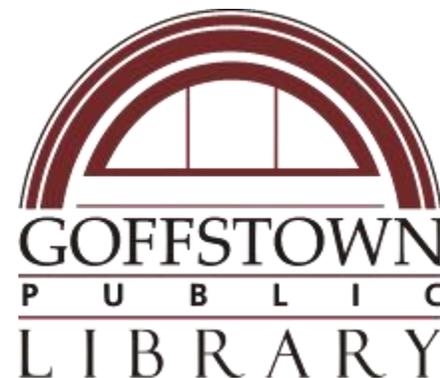




Figure 1



Figure 2

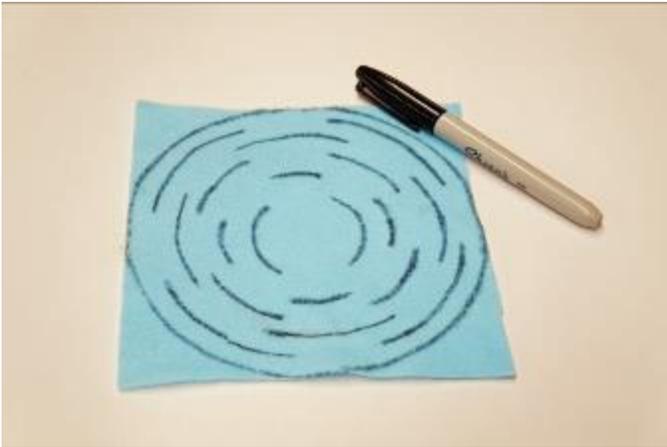


Figure 3



Figure 4



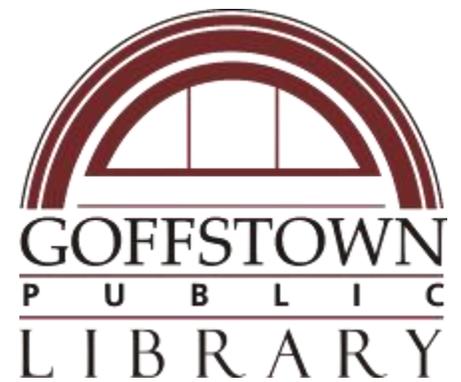
Figure 5



Figure 6

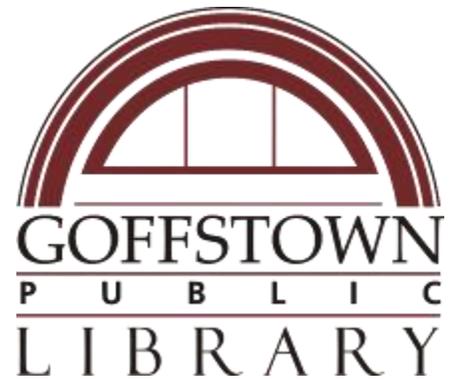
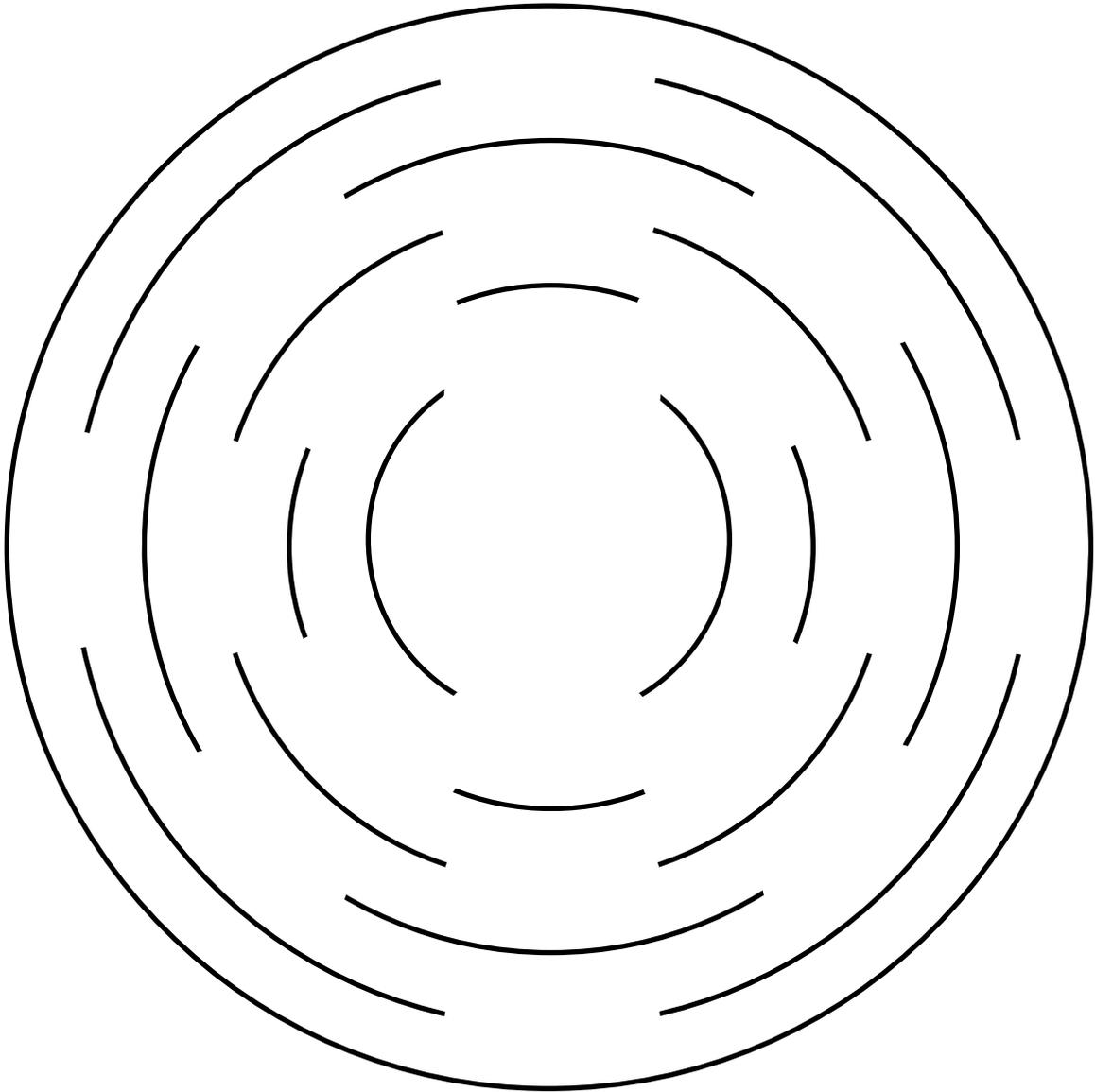


Figure 7



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Pattern





## CANDLE FIRE SAFETY RULES

- **Always keep a burning candle within sight.** Extinguish all candles when leaving a room or before going to sleep. Be sure the wick ember is no longer glowing
- **Never burn a candle on or near anything that can catch fire.** Keep burning candles away from furniture, drapes, bedding, carpets, books, paper, flammable decorations, etc.
- **Keep burning candles out of the reach of children and pets.**
- **Trim candlewicks to ¼ inch each time before burning.** Long or crooked wicks can cause uneven burning and dripping.
- **Always use a candleholder specifically designed for candle use.** The holder should be heat resistant, sturdy, and large enough to contain any drips or melted wax.
- **Be sure the candleholder is placed on a stable, heat-resistant surface.** This can help prevent heat damage to underlying surfaces and prevent glass containers from breaking.
- **Keep the wax pool free of wick trimmings, matches and debris at all times.**
- **Always read and follow the manufacturer's use and safety instructions carefully.** Don't burn a candle longer than the manufacturer recommends.
- **Keep burning candles away from drafts, vents, ceiling fans and air currents.** This will help prevent rapid, uneven burning, and avoid flame flare-ups and sooting. Drafts can also blow nearby lightweight items into the flame where they could catch fire.
- **Always burn candles in a well-ventilated room.** Don't burn too many candles in a small room or in a "tight" home where air exchange is limited.
- **Don't burn a candle all the way down.** Extinguish the flame if it comes too close to the holder or container. For a margin of safety, discontinue burning a candle when 2 inches of wax remains or ½ inch if in a container.
- **Never touch or move a burning candle or container candle when the wax is liquid.**
- **Never use a knife or sharp object to remove wax drippings from a glass holder.** It might scratch, weaken, or cause the glass to break upon subsequent use.
- **Place burning candles at least three inches apart from one another.** This helps ensure they don't melt one another, or create their own drafts to cause improper burning.
- **Use a snuffer to extinguish a candle.** It's the safest way to prevent hot wax splatters.
- **Never extinguish candles with water.** The water can cause the hot wax to splatter and might cause a glass container to break.
- **Be very careful if using candles during a power outage.** Flashlights and other battery-powered lights are safer sources of light during a power failure.
- **Extinguish a candle if it repeatedly smokes, flickers, or the flame becomes too high.** The candle isn't burning properly. Cool, trim the wick, then check for drafts before relighting.
- **Never use a candle as a night light.**